## **CBSE | DEPARTMENT OF SKILL EDUCATION**

### **SHORTHAND (ENGLISH) (SUBJECT CODE 825)**

# CLASS XII (SESSION 2021-2022) BLUE-PRINT FOR SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER FOR TERM -1

Max. Time Allowed: 90 Minutes (1½ Hrs.)

Max. Marks: 30

### PART A - EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS (05 MARKS):

UNIT NO.	NAME OF THE UNIT	NO. OF QUESTIONS (1 MARK EACH)
1	Communication Skills-IV	2
2	Self-Management Skills-IV	2
3	3 Information and Communication Technology Skills-IV 2	
	TOTAL QUESTIONS	6 Questions
	Any 5 Questions	
	TOTAL MARKS	1 x 5 = 5 marks

### PART B - SUBJECT SPECIFIC SKILLS (25 MARKS):

UNIT NO.	NAME OF THE UNIT	NO. OF QUESTIONS (1 MARK EACH)			
1.	Diphones, Medial Semi Circle, Essential Vowels, Upward & downward L, upward and downward 'SH'	8			
2.	Prefixes and Suffixes	16			
3.	General Contractions, Special Contractions and Figures	8			
	TOTAL QUESTIONS	32 Questions			
	NO. OF QUESTIONS TO BE ANSWERED 25 Ques				
	1 x 25 = 25 MARKS				

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Max. Time Allowed: 90 Minutes (1½ Hrs.)

Max. Marks: 30

#### **General Instructions:**

- 1. Please read the instructions carefully.
- 2. This Question Paper is divided into 03 Sections, viz., Section A, Section B and Section C.
- 3. Section A is of 05 marks and has 06 questions on Employability Skills.
- 4. Section B is of 20 marks and has 25 questions on Subject Specific Skills.
- 5. Section C is of 05 marks and has 07 competency-based questions.
- **6.** Do as per the instructions given in the respective sections.
- 7. Marks allotted are mentioned against each section/question.
- 8. All guestions must be attempted in the correct order.

#### **SECTION A**

Answer any 5 questions out of the given 6 questions on Employability Skills (1 x 5 = 5 marks)

1.	Select th	e type of communication on the basis of flow:	1
	(i)	Oral	
	(ii)	Silence	
	(iii)	Downward	
	(iv)	Verbal	
2.	The follo	wing one is a non-verbal communication:	1
	(i)	Face to face	
	(ii)	Facial expressions	
	(iii)	E-mails	
	(iv)	Voice answering machine	
3.	Which of	f the following is not associated with Avoidant Personality Disorder?	1
	(i)	Feelings of Shame	
	(ii)	Due to Guilt	
	(iii)	Feelings of Superiority	
	(iv)	Low self-esteem	

4.	The follo	owing is an internal motivational force:	1
	(i)	Message	
	(ii)	Goals	
	(iii)	Feedback	
	(iv)	Dissent	
5.	Which o	f the following is not an output device?	1
	(i)	Printer	
	(ii)	Plotter	
	(iii)	Visual Display Unit	
	(iv)	Mouse	
6.	The page	e to create presentation in PowerPoint is called:	`1
	(i)	Document	
	(ii)	Sheet	
	(iii)	Slide	
	(iv)	Paper	

#### **SECTION B**

### Answer any 20 questions out of the given 25 questions

(1 x 20 = 20 marks)

7.	Diphone signs are placed on places of consonants:	1
	(i) Two	
	(ii) Three	
	(iii) All	
	(iv) Four	
8.	Consonant "SH' is always written in upward direction after Consonant:	1
	(i) R	
	(ii) D	
	(iii) K	
	(iv) P	
9.	In writing the word 'Lesson' in shorthand, 'L' consonant is written in	1
	direction:	
	(i) Downward	
	(ii) Upward	
	(iii) Horizontal	
	(iv) Through the line	

10.	In this ou	itline, which diphthong/vowel sign is used?	1
	(i)	Ow	
	(ii)	Al	
	(iii)	I	
	(iv)	OI	
11.	Why sho	uld we use essential vowels in shorthand?	:
	(i)	To Identify the Stroke	
	(ii)	To Identify the Word	
	(iii)	To Identify the correct word	
	(iv)	To know the Vowel place of the word	
12.	In the wo	ord 'herewith', 'way' is combined with:	:
	(i)	Dash vowel	
	(ii)	Dot Vowel	
	(iii)	Diphthong	
	(iv)	Diaphone	
13.	\A/biab af	the fellowing would in with a second size of the se	:
		the following words is written as:  Reinformation	
	(i)		
	(ii)	Renation	
	(iii)	Recognition	
	(iv)	Reopinion	
14.	Out of th	e following, for which a 'Dot' is used for writing Suffixes in Shorthand?	:
	(i)	For Ings	
	(ii)	For Ing	
	(iii)	For Com	
	(iv)	For Cum	
15.	Medial 'd	com' may be represented by grammalogue to the words like "on	-
	the comr	mittee":	
	(i)	disjoining the dot	
	(ii)	disjoining the downward dash	
	(iii)	disjoining the upward dash	
	(iv)	disjoining the dash	
16.		<b>2</b>	:
		g the word , which sound is omitted?	
	(i)	S	
	(ii)	N	
	(iii)	Т	
	(iv)	F	

17.	Which Pr	efix is represented by a disjoined circle written close to the following	1
		the second vowel place?	
	(i)	Con	
	(ii)	Comm	
	(iii)	Self	
	(iv)	Dot	
	(.,,		
18.	A final Da	sh in a suffix represents the sound of:	1
	(i)	Ings	
	(ii)	Ing	
	(iii)	Ingly	
	(iv)	Ment	
19.	Initial 'ma	agna', 'magne', 'magni' is represented by:	1
	(i)	Joined Consonant 'M'	
	(ii)	Disjoined Consonant 'M'	
	(iii)	Consonants 'M', 'G' and 'N'	
	(iv)	Consonants 'M' & 'G'	
20.	The final	"FS" (Consonant 'F' and Circle 'S') represents the sound of in	1
	suffixes:		
	(i)	Fuse	
	(ii)	Fullness	
	(iii)	Lessness	
	(iv)	FS	
21.	The final	'LS' (Consonant 'L' and Circle 'S') represents the sound of in	
	Suffixes:		
	(i)	Fullness	
	(ii)	Lessness	
	(iii)	Loss	
	(iv)	Lost	
22.		ength 'way' represents the suffix:	1
	(i)	Wat	
	(ii)	Yart	
	(iii)	Ward	
	(iv)	Yard	
23.		orthand outline is correct out of the following?	1
	(i)	Restlessness	
		Ara	
	(ii)	Restlessness Sleeplessness	
	(iii)	Hopelessness 💆	
		مور	
	(iv)	Restfulness	

24.	Which su	iffix is represented by joined half-length co	onsonant 'M' & 'N' Hook?
	(i)	Mentally	
	(ii)	Nent	
	(iii)	Ment	
	(iv)	Mentality	
25.	Find out	the correct one:	1
	(i)	'Logical' is represented by Cor	nsonant 'J' disjoined
	(ii)	'Ment' is represented by Cor	nsonant 'N' disjoined
	(iii)	'Ority' is represented by Cor	nsonant 'J' joined
	(iv)	'Ality' is represented by Con	sonant 'T' disjoined
26.	In contra	ctions, generally the contracted outlines a	are written the line:
	(i)	Above	
	(ii)	Through	
	(iii)	On	
	(iv)	Can be written anywhere	
27.	What do	you know about contractions?	1
	(i)	A Contraction is a short form containing	
		which one or more of the consonants a	re not represented.
	(ii)	which one or more of the consonants at Frequently occurring word represented	re not represented. by a single sign.
	(ii) (iii)	which one or more of the consonants an Frequently occurring word represented Strokes cannot be joined with logogram	re not represented. by a single sign. as to form contractions.
	(ii)	which one or more of the consonants at Frequently occurring word represented	re not represented. by a single sign. as to form contractions.
28.	(ii) (iii) (iv)	which one or more of the consonants an Frequently occurring word represented Strokes cannot be joined with logogram	re not represented. by a single sign. as to form contractions. at lifting the pen or pencil.
28.	(ii) (iii) (iv)	which one or more of the consonants an Frequently occurring word represented Strokes cannot be joined with logogram Writing of more than two words withou	re not represented. by a single sign. as to form contractions. at lifting the pen or pencil.
28.	(ii) (iii) (iv) In figures	which one or more of the consonants and Frequently occurring word represented Strokes cannot be joined with logograms. Writing of more than two words without a find out the correct one:  Use of consonant 'N' for Nine	re not represented. by a single sign. as to form contractions. at lifting the pen or pencil.
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28.	(ii) (iii) (iv) In figures (i) (ii)	which one or more of the consonants and Frequently occurring word represented Strokes cannot be joined with logograms. Writing of more than two words without sometimes — find out the correct one:  Use of consonant 'N' for Nine Use of consonant 'M' for Max	re not represented. by a single sign. as to form contractions. at lifting the pen or pencil.  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1
28.	(ii) (iii) (iv) In figures (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	which one or more of the consonants and Frequently occurring word represented Strokes cannot be joined with logograms. Writing of more than two words without a find out the correct one:  Use of consonant 'N' for Ning Use of consonant 'M' for Max Use of consonant 'D' for Dollary of the consonant 'D' for Not	re not represented. by a single sign. as to form contractions. at lifting the pen or pencil.  e simum ar ees
	(ii) (iv)  In figures  (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)  Which of	which one or more of the consonants and Frequently occurring word represented Strokes cannot be joined with logogram Writing of more than two words without so – find out the correct one:  Use of consonant 'N' for Ningular Use of consonant 'M' for Max Use of consonant 'D' for Dollar Use of consonant 'R' for Rupe of the following outlines is correct?	re not represented. by a single sign. as to form contractions. at lifting the pen or pencil.  e simum ar ees
	(ii) (iii) (iv) In figures (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	which one or more of the consonants and Frequently occurring word represented Strokes cannot be joined with logograms. Writing of more than two words without is — find out the correct one:  Use of consonant 'N' for Ning Use of consonant 'M' for Max Use of consonant 'D' for Dollar Use of consonant 'R' for Rupe	re not represented. by a single sign. as to form contractions. at lifting the pen or pencil.  1 e simum ar ees
	(ii) (iv)  In figures  (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)  Which of	which one or more of the consonants and Frequently occurring word represented Strokes cannot be joined with logogram Writing of more than two words without so – find out the correct one:  Use of consonant 'N' for Ningular Use of consonant 'M' for Max Use of consonant 'D' for Dollar Use of consonant 'R' for Rupe of the following outlines is correct?	re not represented. by a single sign. as to form contractions. at lifting the pen or pencil.  1 e simum ar ees
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	(ii) (iii) (iv)  In figures  (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)  Which of  (i) (ii)	which one or more of the consonants are Frequently occurring word represented. Strokes cannot be joined with logogram. Writing of more than two words without is — find out the correct one:  Use of consonant 'N' for Nine Use of consonant 'M' for Max Use of consonant 'D' for Dolla Use of consonant 'R' for Rupe of the following outlines is correct?  Five Rupees  Five per cent	re not represented. by a single sign. as to form contractions. at lifting the pen or pencil.  1 e cimum ar

30.	Which se	entence, out of the following is incorrect for forming Special Contractions?	1
	Special C	ontractions are formed by:	
	(i)	Omitting the medial stroke/strokes.	
	(ii)	Employing the first two or three strokes of the full outline.	
	(iii)	Writing all the consonants/syllables.	
	(iv)	Employing Logograms, initially or finally.	
31.	In writing	g the contraction 'postmaster' which stroke is omitted?	1
	(i)	S	
	(ii)	M	
	(iii)	R	
	(iv)	Т	
	1		1

# SECTION C (COMPETENCY BASED QUESTIONS)

### Answer any 5 questions out of the given 7 questions

 $(1 \times 5 = 5 \text{ marks})$ 

32.	In pairs o	of words occupying the same position – vowels can be inserted in case of	1
	(i)	Having a first place vowel	
	(ii)	Having a varying vowel	
	(iii)	Having a third place vowel	
	(iv)	Having a second place vowel	
33.	Stroke 's	h', following a straight downstroke having an initial attachment, is written	1
	(i)	To the same side of initial attachment	
	(ii)	To the opposite side of initial attachment	
	(iii)	To the upward side of the initial attachment	
	(iv)	To the left side of the initial attachment	
34.	In writing	g the compound word 'here-on' – 'on' is written with	1
	(i)	Attached N stroke	
	(ii)	'On' grammalogue	
	(iii)	Unattached N stroke	
	(iv)	Attached N hook	
35.	In negati	ve words, where the prefix 'in' means 'not', 'n' is used by	1
	(i)	Initial 'n' Hook	
	(ii)	Joined Stroke n	
	(iii)	Final 'n' hook	
	(iv)	Disjoined stroke n	

36.	In writing	g the word "becomingly", find out the prefix of Stenography:	1
	(i)	be	
	(ii)	com	
	(iii)	ing	
	(iv)	ly	
37.	Find out	the combinations in writing the figure 'pounds':	1
	(i)	'p' stroke and 's' circle	
	(ii)	'p' stroke, 'd' stroke and 's' circle	
	(iii)	'p' halved for 'd', 'n' hook and 's' circle	
	(iv)	'p' halved for 'd', 'n' stroke and 's' circle	
38.	In writing	g contraction , which rule is being followed:	1
	(i)	Employing logogram initially	
	(ii)	Employing 'ing' stroke	
	(iii)	Employing logogram finally	
	(iv)	Employing 'm' and 'ing' stroke	
	(,	p.o ,g andg stroke	