CBSE | DEPARTMENT OF SKILL EDUCATION

AUTOMOTIVE (SUBJECT CODE-404)

MARKING SCHEME FOR CLASS IX (SESSION 2022-2023)

Max. Time: 2 Hours Max. Marks: 50

General Instructions:

- 1. Please read the instructions carefully.
- 2. This Question Paper consists of 21 questions in two sections Section A & Section B.
- **3.** Section A has Objective type questions whereas Section B contains Subjective type questions.
- 4. Out of the given (5 + 16 =) 21 questions, a candidate has to answer (5 + 10 =) 15 questions in the allotted (maximum) time of 2 hours.
- **5.** All questions of a particular section must be attempted in the correct order.
- 6. SECTION A OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (24 MARKS):
 - i. This section has 05 questions.
 - ii. There is no negative marking.
 - iii. Do as per the instructions given.
 - iv. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.

7. SECTION B – SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (26 MARKS):

- i. This section contains 16 questions.
- ii. A candidate has to do 10 questions.
- iii. Do as per the instructions given.
- iv. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.

SECTION A: OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Q. No.	QUESTION	Source Material (NCERT/PSSCIVE/ CBSE Study Material)	Unit/ Chap. No.	Page no. of source material	Marks
Q. 1	Answer any 4 out of the given 6 que	stions on Employability	Skills (1	x 4 = 4 marl	ks)
i.	Simple words	NCERT	1	36	1
ii.	Personal hygiene and grooming	NCERT	2	56	1
iii.	He learns from the feedback and	NCERT	2	60	1
	makes his project work better.				
iv.	"flipped classroom"	CBSE	3	25	1
v.	Micro	CBSE	4	74	1
vi.	Non- renewable energy	CBSE	5	87	1
Q. 2	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 que	stions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)			
i.	Wheel	CBSE	1	3	1
ii.	Slovenia	CBSE	1	2	1
iii.	Spoked	CBSE	1	2	1
iv.	78%	CBSE	2	19	1
v.	Road roller	CBSE	2	33	1
vi.	Commercial vehicle	CBSE	2	41	1

Q. 3	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)						
i.	fuel injector	CBSE	3	56	1		
ii.	SI engine	CBSE	3	63	1		
iii.	Pressure Plate	CBSE	3	66	1		
iv.	I-section	CBSE	3	70	1		
v.	Compressed air is used for	CBSE	3	75	1		
	suspension system.						
vi.	Tyre	CBSE	3	77	1		
Q. 4	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)						
i.	Steering geometry	CBSE	3	79	1		
ii.	Ignition	CBSE	3	81	1		
iii.	Laminated	CBSE	3	85	1		
iv.	Air bag	CBSE	3	85	1		
v.	one year	CBSE	4	112	1		
vi.	Restriction ends	CBSE	4	105	1		
Q. 5	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 que	estions $(1 \times 5 = 5 \text{ marks})$					
i.	Runway	CBSE	4	100	1		
ii.	Three	CBSE	4	95	1		
iii.	1991	CBSE	5	120	1		
iv.	1992	CBSE	5	120	1		
v.	Un-Leaded Petrol	CBSE	5	120	1		
vi.	Delhi	CBSE	5	122	1		

SECTION B: SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Q. No.	QUESTION	Source Material (NCERT/PSSCIVE/ CBSE Study Material)	Unit/ Chap. No.	Page no. of source material	Marks
Answ	er any 3 out of the given 5 questions on Emp	loyability Skills in 20	– 30 word	ds each (2 x	3 = 6
marks	5)				
Q. 6	 i. Non-verbal communication makes our message stronger. ii. Using the right gestures while speaking makes our message more effective. iii. Non-verbal communication helps us to understand our audience's reaction. iv. Non-verbal communication helps us to adjust our behaviour or communication as per our audience's reaction. (Any 2) (1 marks each) 	NCERT	1	12	2
Q. 7	Below mentioned factors affect our self-confidence: i. When we think we cannot do a particular work. ii. When we keep thinking of our past mistakes and feel bad about it, instead of learning from them. iii. When we expect to be successful at	NCERT	2	68	2

	the first attempt itself and do not try							
	again.							
	iv. When we are surrounded by people							
	who have a negative attitude, which							
	is reflected in their speech. (Any 2) (1 marks each)							
Q. 8		CBSE	3	29	2			
ų. o	Some of the advantages of using email	CB3L	3	29	_			
	are:							
	i. You don't have to pay anything extra							
	for sending or receiving email. You just							
	pay for the internet connection.							
	ii. You can send bulk mails.							
	iii. The receiver may not be online when							
	you send the email. iv. You can send documents,							
	presentations, images, videos, etc. as							
	an attachment to email.							
	v. When you send an email, it reaches,							
	the receiver at any part of the world in							
	few seconds. (Any 2) (1 marks each)							
Q. 9	Challenges of Entrepreneurship	CBSE	4	79	2			
	Development3							
	i. Lack of awareness about							
	entrepreneurship schemes							
	ii. Strict regulatory framework							
	iii. Low margin market linkages							
	iv. Lack of continued motivation							
	v. Lack of formal education							
	vi. Low technical knowledge							
	vii. Absence of managerial skills							
	viii. Inadequate infrastructure and resources							
	ix. Lack of finance availability (Any 4)							
	(1/2 marks each)							
Q. 10	The man-made disruption that causes	CBSE	5	85	2			
	ecological imbalance are as follows:							
	Deforestation Degradation of Land and							
	Soil Erosion: Overexploitation of							
	Resources Industrial and Atmospheric							
	Pollution (1/2 marks each)							
Answe	Answer any 4 out of the given 6 questions in 20 – 30 words each (2 x 4 = 8 marks)							
Q. 11		CBSE	1	3	2			
	to dragging) is explained as follows:							
	i. the normal force at the sliding							
	interface is the same.							
	ii. the sliding distance is reduced for a							
	given distance of travel.							
	iii. the coefficient of friction at the							
	interface is usually lower.							

Q. 12	The combine har	vester, or simply	CBSE	2	29	2
	combine, is a machin	e that harvests grain				
	crops. The name de	erives from the fact				
	that it combines	s three separate				
	operations, reaping	•				
	winnowing, into a sin	J. J.				
Q. 13	Crank and cranksha		CBSE	3	50	2
~		d together by means				
	of a key. Crankshaft is supported in main bearings and has a heavy wheel, called					
	flywheel, to even out the fluctuations of					
	-					
	torque. The crankshaft is the backbone of the engine.					
Q. 14	Different component	s of Automobile Air	CBSE	3	83	2
Q. 14		S OF AUTOMOBILE AIF-	CBSL	J	63	_
	conditioning system:					
	i. Compressor	-l-				
	ii. Magnetic Clut	cn				
	iii. Condenser	/				
		er (or dehydrator)				
	v. Expansion val	ve				
	vi. Evaporator					
	vii. Suction thrott			_		_
Q. 15	Hurdles in Road Safet		CBSE	4	88	2
	i. Negligence of					
		ition of roads.				
	iii. Unsafe Vehicl	e Design.				
		nentation of Road				
	Safety Standa					
	v. Lack of Emerg	ency Services.				
Q. 16	Some ways to contro	l pollution is to:	CBSE	5	123	2
	i. Keep car one	day off in a weak				
	ii. Pool the car fo	or going to office				
	iii. Use bicycle fo	r short distances				
	iv. Keep your	vehicle properly				
	maintained					
	v. Delhi metro	is best example of				
	controlling po	Ilution and providing				
	comfort to the	e public.				
Answe	er any 3 out of the give	en 5 questions in 50–	80 words each (4 x 3	= 12 mark	s)	
Q. 17	Passanger Vehicle	Commercial	CBSE	2	24,26	4
	_	Vehicle				
	Passenger vehicle	A Commercial				
	refers to a	Vehicle is a type of				
	machine that can	motor vehicle that				
	carry a person or a	may be used for				
	group of persons.	transporting of				
	There are	goods as well				
	several types of	People.				
	passenger vehicles	These vehicles				
	like	effect the trade,				
	IIKE	enect the trade,]

	cars/jeeps/tempos commerce and industry of a country. Vehicles falling under this category are mainly buses & trucks.				
Q. 18	 i. The clutch should be able to transmit maximum torque of the engine. ii. The clutch should engage gradually to avoid sudden jerks. iii. The clutch should be able to dissipate large amount of heat which is generated during the clutch operation due to friction. iv. The clutch should be dynamically balanced. v. The clutch should have suitable mechanism to damp vibrations to eliminate noise produced during the power transmission. vi. The clutch size should be as small as possible so that it will occupy minimum space. vii. The clutch should have free pedal play in order to reduce effective load on the carbon thrust bearing and its wear. viii. The clutch should be easy to operate requiring as little exertion as possible on the part of the driver. ix. The driven member of the clutch should be made as light as possible so that it will not continue to rotate for any length of time after the clutch has been disengaged. 	CBSE	3	66	4
Q. 19	 i. It helps in swinging the wheels to the left or right. ii. It helps in turning the vehicle according to the will of the driver. iii. It provides directional stability. iv. It helps in controlling wear and tear of tyres. v. It helps in achieving the self-straightening effect. vi. It converts the rotary movement of the steering wheel into an angular 	CBSE	3	72	4

	turn of the front wheels.				
	vii. It multiplies the effort of the driver by				
	leverage in order to make it fairly				
	easy to turn the wheels.				
	viii. It absorbs a major part of the road				
	shocks thereby preventing them to				
	get transmitted to the hands of the driver.				
Q. 20	i. An application for registration of a	CBSE	4	109	4
	Motor Vehicle shall be made in Form				
	20 to the Registering Authority within				
	a period of 7 days from the date of				
	delivery of such vehicle excluding the				
	period of journey and shall be				
	accompanied by Sales certificate in				
	Form 21.				
	ii. Road worthiness certificate in Form				
	22 from the manufacturers (Form				
	22A from the Body builder).				
	iii. Valid Insurance Certificate.				
	iv. Proof of Address (Ration Card,				
	Electricity Bill). v. Design approval copy of STA in case				
	Trailer or Semi-Trailer.				
	vi. Original Sales Certificate from the				
	concerned Authorities in Form 21 in				
	the case of Ex-Army Vehicle.				
	vii. Pollution Under control Certificate.				
	viii. Customs Clearance Certificate in the				
	case of Imported Vehicles.				
	ix. Appropriate Fee as specified in Rule				
	81 of CMV Rule			_	_
Q. 21	,	CBSE	5	116	4
	completely.				
	b) During combustion, some amount of petrol and diesel remains unburnt				
	there by producing harmful emissions.				
	c) Moreover, CNG is economical than				
	petrol or diesel.				
	d) CNG can't be siphoned off by thieves.				
	e) CNG can't be adulterated like petrol or				
	diesel.				
	f) CNG handling technology has matured				
	enough.				