CBSE | DEPARTMENT OF SKILL EDUCATION

MARKETING (SUBJECT CODE: 812)

MARKING SCHEME FOR CLASS XII (SESSION 2024-2025)

Max. Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 60

General Instructions:

- 1. Please read the instructions carefully.
- 2. This Question Paper consists of **24 questions** in two sections Section A & Section B.
- 3. Section A has Objective type questions whereas Section B contains Subjective type questions.
- 4. Out of the given (6 + 18 =) 24 questions, a candidate has to answer (6 + 11 =) 17 questions in the allotted (maximum) time of 3 hours.
- 5. All questions of a particular section must be attempted in the correct order.
- 6. SECTION A OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (30 MARKS):
 - i. This section has 06 questions.
 - ii. There is no negative marking.
 - iii. Do as per the instructions given.
 - iv. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.

7. SECTION B - SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (30 MARKS):

- i. This section contains 18 questions.
- ii. A candidate has to do 11 questions.
- iii. Do as per the instructions given.
- iv. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.

SECTION A: OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Q. No.	QUESTION	Source Material (NCERT/PSSCIVE/ CBSE Study Material)	Unit/ Cha p. No.	Page no. of source material	Marks	
Q. 1	Answer any 4 out of the given 6 questions on Employability Skills (1 x 4 = 4 marks)					
i.	a)Listening	CBSE Study Material	1	2	1	
ii.	b) File>Save As>Type file name>Save	NCERT	3	66-67	1	
iii.	b) Avoidant	NCERT	2	35	1	
iv.	a) Decisiveness	NCERT	4	99	1	
V.	b) Urban Cutter	CBSE Study Material	5	66-67	1	
vi.	c)Self-Aware	CBSE Study Material	2	9	1	
Q. 2	Answer any 5 out of the given	7 questions (1 x 5 = 5 r	m <mark>arks</mark>))		
i.	a) Product line	CBSE Study Material	1	12	1	
ii.	c) Heterogeneity	CBSE Study Material	5	118	1	
iii.	c) Team Pricing	CBSE Study Material	2	66	1	
iv.	By getting brand mark	CBSE Study Material	1	7	1	

	registered under Trademarks Act				
٧.	b) Intangibility	CBSE Study Material	5	119	1
vi.	No third party including WhatsApp can read or listen to messages	CBSE Study Material	5	126	1
vii.	c) Agent	CBSE Study Material	3	79	1
Q. 3	Answer any 6 out of the given		narks)		
i.	b) Protects	CBSE Study Material	1	38	1
ii.	d) Exchange	CBSE Study Material	3	82	1
iii.	Promotion through Trade Fairs	CBSE Study Material	4	104	1
iv.	a) Perceived value pricing	CBSE Study Material	2	56	1
V.	Customer Relationship Management	CBSE Study Material	4	99	1
vi.	c) Counseling	CBSE Study Material	5	119	1
vii.	d)To persuade consumer to buy	CBSE Study Material	4	92	1
Q. 4	Answer any 5 out of the given	6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 r	narks)		
i.	a) Risk Bearing	CBSE Study Material	3	73	1
ii.	a) Price is independent of the	CBSE Study Material	2	45	1
	other elements of the marketing				
iii.	c) Social Media Marketing	CBSE Study Material	5	124	1
iv.	Any two out of Breadth, Depth and Consistency (½ + ½)	CBSE Study Material	1	12	1
V.	c) Public Relation	CBSE Study Material	4	98	1
vi.	d) Cost-plus pricing	CBSE Study Material	3	60	1
Q. 5	Answer any 5 out of the given	6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 r	narks)		
i.	c) Distribution	CBSE Study Material	3	70	1
ii.	c)Telemarketing	CBSE Study Material	4	101	1
iii.	b)The product must be ready for consumers in the right place	CBSE Study Material	3	73	1
iv.	One quality of 5 th P of Marketing Mix, i.e. Packaging is Attractive Appearance	CBSE Study Material	3	106	1
٧.	c) There is low brand loyalty	CBSE Study Material			1
vi.	d) Market Penetration	CBSE Study Material	2	59	1
Q. 6	Answer any 5 out of the given	6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 r	narks)		
i.	Sales Promotion	CBSE Study Material	4	98	1
ii.	b) Product mix	CBSE Study Material	1	32	1
iii.	b) ₹ 25,000	CBSE Study Material	2	60	1
iv.	c) Perceived Value Pricing	CBSE Study Material	2	56	1
V.	b) Producer – Consumer	CBSE Study Material	3	76	1
vi.	Resale Price Maintenance	CBSE Study Material	2	62	1

SECTION B: SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Q. No.	QUESTION	Source Material (NCERT/PSSCIVE/ CBSE Study Material)	Unit/ Chap. No.	Page no. of source materia	Mark s
_	3 out of the given 5 questions of	n Employability Skills	in 20 – 3	0 words	
each (2 x 3 = Q. 7	Importance of Self-	CBSE Study Material	2	9	2
Δ. 1	 motivation (Any two points) It increases individual's energy and activity. It directs an individual towards specific goals. It results in initiation and persistence of specific activities It affects cognitive processes and learning strategies used for completing similar tasks. 1 Mark for each point 	OBOL Glady Malorial			
Q. 8	Entrepreneurial Competencies Taking Initiative: It is about making the first move towards setting up of an enterprise and taking action. Eeking and Acting on Opportunity: An entrepreneur is always on the look-out or searching for opportunity and is ready to exploit it in the best interests of the enterprise. (or any other relevant point)	CBSE Study Material	4	44	2
Q. 9	Features of Spreadsheet Application Built-in functions make calculations easier, faster, and more accurate. Large volumes of data can be easily handled and manipulated. Data can be exported to or imported from other software. Data can be easily represented in pictorial form like graphs or charts.	CBSE Study Material	3	14	2

	T =		T		1
	Formulae are automatically				
	recalculated whenever				
	underlying data values are				
0.40	changed. (Any two)	ODOE Otraka Matarial	4	_	
Q. 10	Do's before an interview	CBSE Study Material	1	5	2
	(Any 4)				
	Get a good night's sleep the				
	night before.				
	Do research.				
	Eat a good breakfast.				
	Prepare questions				
	beforehand.				
	• Know who will be				
	interviewing and learn a bit				
	about their background.				
	Know your strengths and				
	puttogether a list of them.				
	Turn off your cell phone				
	Prepare a solid list of				
	references				
	Do's after an interview				
	(Any 4)				
	Do let the interviewer decide				
	when the interview is over.				
	Do ask the interviewer when				
	you will hear from him or her				
	again if he or she does not				
	offer the information.				
	Drop off a thank you note.				
	Always thank interviewer				
	afteryou have left.				
	Follow up appropriately.				
	Create a list of items that you				
	did well and you like to				
	improve on				
Q. 11	Steps to toxin free homes	CBSE Study Material	5	67	2
	1.Avoid Plastic food packaging				
	2. Use non toxic cleaning and				
	washing products				
	3.Purchase furniture				
	formaldehyde free				
	4. Don't use Mon-stick				
Anguar any	cookware	20 20 words sach () v 2 – 6	morks)	
Q. 12	3 out of the given 5 questions in	•	_	marks) 106	1
₩. 1 ∠	Push Strategy: If the strategy	CBSE Study Material	4	*106 &107	2
	adopted is to motivate and			α IU/	
	persuade the intermediaries"				
	to make effort to increase the				
	sales the strategy is called				1
	push strategy. It emphasizes				

	with adversariance promotion Pull Strategy consumer demands the retail want the wholesale in turn as	emphasizers. If the particular goller and the esame for sand thewking the manulations of the sand of t	ther trade ne pull es on customer ods from retailers rom the nolesalers ufacturers				
Q. 13	Basis	Skimming Pricing Policy	Penetr ation Pricing Policy	CBSE Study Material	2	64	2
	1.Price Charge d	Higher Prices	Below competi tive level				
	2.Obje ctive	To recover initial investment	To capture market share				
	(1 mark e	each for corre e)	ect				
Q. 14	Disadvar Marketin 1. Imper become i virtual na content o audience 2. Co marketing and comp opportuni and servi far-reachi high but o f compe 3. Ca Companio marketing visitors'at capture o business	sonal: marked and services in both I and markets is still significant tition exists. Itching may tention is defined and services in also marked and services in also marke	eting can lue to the sage and a desired Online crowded ugh the de goods local and a very t amount Attention: in online find ifficult to umber of ting their	CBSE Study Material	5	124	2

Q. 15		Consumer Goods		CBS	E Study Material	1	16	2
	(½ mark	hopping Speciality Goods Furniture Cotton Clothes for each production of product)						
Q. 16		es of Sales		CBS	E Study Material	4	102	2
Q. 10	Promotion 1. Increase customer sales voluments voluments voluments voluments voluments very effect aware of promotion or service known in	sed trial: s will incre ume as they v sing Loyalty istomers buy is no m and the best has to tell the s. eating aw this job is	vill buy in v: Loyalty ving even ore the Here the e users of vareness: left to ere are romotions ng people bugh joint product eady well	CBS	E Study Iviaterial	4	102	
Answer any	out of th	e given 3 gu	estions in	30- 5	0 words each (3	 x 2 = 6	l marks)	
Q. 17	Basis	Advertise	Word of		CBSE Study	4	95	3
		ment	mouth commun cation		Material			
	1.Cont rol	Controllabl e Element	Non- controllab le Element)				
	2.Form	Paid form of Communic ation	Unpaid form of commun ication					
	3.Sour ce	Organisati on	Users & Influenc ers					
	(1 mark e	each for corr	ect differe	nce)				

0.10	Monkatina Ctuatami in Cuanth Ctana	ODOE Childre		27	2
Q. 18	Marketing Strategy in Growth Stage	CBSE Study	1	27	3
	1)Product quality is maintained and	Material			
	additional features and support				
	services may be added.				
	2) Pricing may remain same as the				
	firm enjoys increasing demand with				
	little competition.				
	3) Distribution channels are added as				
	demand rises and customers accept				
	the product.				
	4) Promotion is aimed at a broader				
	audience.(Any three points)				
Q. 19	Functions Performed by wholesaler	CBSE Study	3	81	3
Q. 13	Buying And Selling: The wholesaler	•	3	01	3
	make an estimate of demand for the	Material			
	goods, and then purchase and				
	assembly different varieties of goods				
	from different manufacturers spread				
	throughout the country. They also				
	undertake import of goods from				
	different countries.				
	Storage: Wholesaler keep the goods				
	assembled by them in their				
	warehouse to supply them to retailers				
	whenever require .They help the				
	manufacturers and retailers by making				
	storage arrangement.				
	Transportation: Wholesalers make				
	transportation arrangement from the				
	premises of manufacturers to their				
	godowns and from their godowns to				
	the retail stores. They often maintain				
	their own fleet of vehicles for this				
	purpose. (or Any other relevant point)				
Answer anv	3 out of the given 5 questions in 50– 8	0 words each (4	x 3 = 12	marks)	
Q. 20	Basis of Discriminatory Pricing	CBSE Study	2	62 & 63	4
	i) Discrimination on the basis of	Material		0_ 0. 00	
	,	Material			
	J				
	product / service is sold at				
	different prices to different				
	customer groups, e.g. Indian				
	Railway charges lower fare for				
	students.				
	ii) Discrimination on the basis of				
	product form – different version				
	of the same product are sold at				
	different places. Based on				
	image differences, e.g. a				
	company may sell two varieties				
	of a bathing soap Rs.2 and Rs				
	50 respectively, through the				
	difference in their cost of Rs 10				
	only.				
	Orny.			<u> </u>	

	iii) Locational discrimination – the product is sold at different prices at two places even though the cost is the same at both the places, e.g. a cinema theatre charges different prices for seats close to the screen and higher for the seats located far off ie different for ground floor and balcony seats.				
	 iv) Time discrimination – Prices differ according to the season or time of the day. Public utilities like taxi charge higher rate at night. Similarly, 5 star hotels charge a lower price for their rooms during off-season v) Image discrimination – the same product is priced at different levels on the basis of difference in image, e.g. a perfume company may price its perfume @ 500 Rs each in an ordinary bottle and @ 1000Rs in a fancy bottle with a different name and image. (Any 4 with explanation) (½ mark for the point, ½ for explanation) 				
Q. 21	Advantages of online Marketing 1. Brand Awareness — Online marketing helps in creating awareness about the product and the brand by use of internet. 2. Measure Impact: A key benefit of using online channels for marketing a business or product is the ability to measure the impact of any given channel. 3. Acquiring Valuable Customers: it helps to find how visitors acquired through different channels interact with a website or landing page experience. Of the visitors that convert into paying customers, further analysis can be done to determine which channels are most effective at acquiring valuable customers. 4. Use of Analytics: Analytics on web or mobile app experiences can help determining which online marketing channels are the most cost-effective at acquiring customers.	CBSE Study Material	5	122 & 123	4

	can get a channels are and driving h customers as mediums such online adversarketing, to be purchases to perform analyse group strong engage potential for engagement. (Any 4 with	lium: Through quick view of effective at a igher lifetime v s there are h as email m rtising, and find which drive orior customers. Analysis: H of customers tl ment behavior a upsell for explanation) (which acquiring value for different arketing, mobile s repeat elps to nat have and high higher 1/2 mark				
Q. 22		e product, the f		CBSE Study	1	7 & 8	4
	· •	ake up for total	•	Material			
	offering:						
	COMPONENT COMPONE	S OF PRODUC DESCRIPTI	EXAMP				
	NT	ON	EXAMIP				
	ASSOCIAT	Characteristi	Fragra				
	ED FEATURES	cs of the	nce, moistur				
	FEATURES	product that help in	izing				
		distinguishin	ability,				
		g it from that	white colour				
		competitor.	etc of				
		These	'X'				
		enhance the	soap				
		product personality.					
	BRAND	Name, term,	Name				
	NAME	sign, symbol,	of 'X'				
		design or a combination	soap				
		of them					
		intended to					
		identify the goods or					
		services of					
		one seller					
		and to differentiate					
		them from					
		those of the					
		competitors. Brand image					
		is developed					

	through advertising and other promotional tools. Registered brand mark is called trade mark.			
LOGO	Brand mark/symbol/ picture that helps in identification of the product/ brand.	Pigeon		
PACKAGE	Packaging helps in protection of the product, provides information about the product and increases aesthetics and sales appeal (serves as promotional tool)			
LABEL	Label is part and parcel of package. It includes written information about the product specifying its features, composition, performance.			
(1 mark for e	ents, with examach component	and its		

Q. 23	Factors Pertaining to Product	CBSE Study	3	85 &86	4
3. 20	Price of the Product. The products of	Material	J	55 400	•
	a lower price have a long chain of	Matorial			
	distributors. As against it, the products				
	having higher price have a smaller				
	chain. Very often, the producer				
	himself has to sell the products to the				
	consumers directly.				
	Perishability. The products which are				
	of a perishable nature need lesser				
	number of the intermediaries or				
	agents for their sale. Under this very				
	rule, most of the eatables (food items),				
	and the bakery items are distributed				
	only by the retail sellers.				
	Size and Weight. The size and				
	weight of the products too affect the				
	selection of the middlemen. Generally,				
	heavy industrial goods are distributed				
	by the producers themselves to the				
	industrial consumers				
	Technical Nature. Some products				
	are of the nature that prior to their				
	selling, the consumer is required to be				
	given proper instructions with regard				
	to its consumption. In such a case less of the middlemen arc) required to				
	be used.				
	Goods Made to Order. The products				
	that are manufactured as per the				
	orders of the customers could be sold				
	directly and the standardized items				
	could be sold off only by the				
	middlemen.				
	After-Sales Service. The products				
	regarding which the after-sales				
	service is to be provided could be sold				
	off either personally or through the				
	authorized agents.				
	(4				
	(Any 2 with explanation)				
	Factors pertaining to Company				
	Level of Production. The				
	manufacturers who are financially				
	sound and are of a larger category,				
	are able to appoint the sales				
	representatives in a larger number				
	and thug could distribute the				
	commodities (products) in larger				
	quantities. As against it, for the				
	smaller manufacturers, it becomes				
	necessary to procure the services of				
	the wholesalers and the retail traders.				
	and midiculate and the retain traderer				

	 Financial Resources of the Company. From the financial point of view, the stronger company needs less middlemen Managerial Competence and Experience. If some producer lacks in the necessary managerial experience or proficiency, he will depend more upon the middlemen. The new manufacturers in the beginning remain more dependent upon the middlemen. (Any 2 with explanation) 				
Q. 24	Public Relations is a broad set of guidelines which makes use of advertising, annual reports, brochures, event sponsorships, and undertaking social projects like helping poor and environment to build or maintain a favourable image with its various publics. Thus, PR is a generic term for a range of specialist and sophisticated skills involved in communication with publics through, primarily, broadcast, published media. Sponsorship like other marketing activities is more than a century old. It entered the oxford Dictionary around 1930. To sponsor something is to support financially or in-kind an event, activity, person, or organisation financially or through the provision of products or services to reach specified business goals for commercial advantage. A sponsor is the individual or group that provides the support. (2 Marks each)	CBSE Study Material	4	98	4