CBSE | DEPARTMENT OF SKILL EDUCATION

Shorthand English (SUBJECT CODE - 825)

Marking Scheme for Class XII (Session 2024 - 2025)

Max. Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 60

General Instructions:

- **1.** Please read the instructions carefully.
- 2. This Question Paper consists of **24 questions** in two sections: Section A & Section B.
- **3.** Section A has Objective type questions whereas Section B contains Subjective type questions.
- 4. Out of the given (6 + 18 =) 24 questions, a candidate has to answer (6 + 11 =) 17 questions in the allotted (maximum) time of 3 hours.
- **5.** All questions of a particular section must be attempted in the correct order.
- 6. SECTION A OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (24 MARKS):
 - i. This section has 06 questions.
 - ii. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.
 - iii. There is no negative marking.
 - iv. Do as per the instructions given.

7. SECTION B – SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (26 MARKS):

- i. This section has 18 questions.
- ii. A candidate has to do 11 questions.
- iii. Do as per the instructions given.
- iv. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.

SECTION A: OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Q. 1	Answer any 4 out of the given 6 questions on Employability Skills (1 x 4 = 4 marks)	Marks			
	This is any it does to the Breat of questions on Employability skills (2 x 4 - 4 marks)				
i.	Stress is a state of feeling upset, annoyed and hopeless.	1			
ii.	(c) The chef	1			
iii.	iii. (a) entrepreneur				
iv.	green job	1			
v.	True	1			
vi.	Active Cell	1			
Q. 2	Answer any 5 out of the given 7 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)	Marks			
i.	first	1			
ii.	<u>upward</u>	1			
iii.	NT (half-length N)	1			
iv.	<u>8</u>	1			
v.	Yes, logograms can be used to form special contractions.	1			
vi.	a) Both the assertion and reasoning are true, and the reasoning is the correct explanation of the assertion.	1			
vii.	'next'	1			
Q. 3	Answer any 6 out of the given 7 questions (1 x 6 = 6 marks)	Marks			
i.	False	1			
ii.	<u>Association</u>	1			
iii.	Vowel Indication.	1			
iv.	<u>N</u>	1			
v.	c) by the way	1			
vi.	<u>Way</u>	1			
vii.	True	1			
Q. 4	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)	Marks			

i.	as we	1
ii.	<u>K</u>	1
iii.	disjoined FS (Consonant F and S Circle)	1
iv. c) The assertion is true, but the reasoning is false. Explanation: While intersections are indeed important in shorthand for providing bri indications of titles and phrases, the reasoning that they specifically aid in transcribi dictation swiftly and accurately is not directly supported by the assertion. Speed a accuracy in shorthand involve various factors beyond just intersections, such as over shorthand skill, practice, and familiarity with shorthand outlines. Therefore, the assertion true (intersections aid in shorthand speed), but the reasoning is false (they alone do nensure swift and accurate transcription).		1
v.	Council, Company, Captain, Capital, Cover	1
vi.	Magna/ Magne/ Magni	1
Q. 5	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)	Marks
i.	<u>Diphone</u>	1
ii.	Limited, Liberal	1
iii.	False	1
iv.	Yard	1
v.	Council/ Company/ Captain/ Capital/ Cover	1
vi.	By disjoining the stroke coming before the termination.	1
Q. 6	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)	Marks
i.	Contraction	1
ii.	beginning	1
iii.	Right	1
iv.	Arrange, Arranged, Arrangement	1
v.	Valuation	1
vi.	' <u>SH</u> '	1

SECTION B: SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions in 20-30 words each (2 \times 3 = 6 marks).

Q. 7	Extrinsic motivation: It arises because of incentives or external rewards. Lack of motivation or incentives may lead to frustration, for example, employees who are kept on a contractual basis for a long time may get frustrated and leave an organisation.	2
	Intrinsic motivation: It includes activities for which there is no apparent reward but one derives enjoyment and satisfaction in doing them. It occurs when people are internally motivated to do something because it brings them pleasure. They think it is important or feel what they are learning is significant. Incentives related to the motive or goal can satisfy one's needs.	
Q. 8	Decisiveness is the ability to make profitable and quick decisions. Decisiveness becomes the most important attribute while setting up a business venture. It is about identifying an opportunity and acting on it.	2
Q. 9	Click on Insert > Select Shape > Choose Basic > Select Square	2
Q. 10	Greenhouse gases trap heat from the earth and prevent it from escaping into outer space. This causes the earth to heat, leading to 'global warming'. To reduce the emission of greenhouse gases, people are working towards reducing the use of fossil fuels by finding less polluting energy sources, such as Compressed Natural Gas (CNG).	2
Q. 11	Communication is a two-way process through which information or message is exchanged between individuals using language, symbols, signs or behaviour.	2
	Elements of effective communication	
	Sender Encoding Channel Decoding Receiver	

Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions in 20 - 30 words each $(2 \times 3 = 6 \text{ marks})$

Α١	iswei aliy	5 out of the given 5 questions in 20 – 50 words each (2 x 5 – 6 marks)		
	Q. 12	Prefix means to fix a part of the word before the other part. Suffix means to fix a part of the word after the first part.	2	
	Q. 13	3. Advance Phrases are formed by using doubling principle as given below: - For the word 'other' Some other Some other way - for the word 'dear' e.g. My dear Mother My dear Sir	2	
		- for the words 'there' & 'their' e.g. (Any 2) Upon their I know there is		

Q. 14	consonant is omitted, stroke or hook is omitted and a final syllable is contracted or omitted. Special Contractions consist of particular words treated in a special or exceptional manner.	2
Q. 15	 Advanced Phrases are formed by using: Small circles for the words 'as. "has', 'is' & 'us' e.g. 	2
	As it were As fast as As the matter In his opinion From us	
	 Large Circles for the words 'as we', 'as & w', 'as & s', 'is & s', 'his & s', 's & s, s & has', and 's & is' e.g. 	
	As we think As well as It is said For his sake In this city This has been This is 6	
Q. 16	In 'like' upward form of 'L' is used whereas in 'alike' downward form of 'L' is used because in the beginning consonant "L" is written in a downward direction if it is preceded by a vowel and immediately followed by consonants K, G, M, N & NG.	2 (1+ 1)
nswer any	y 2 out of the given 3 questions in 30-50 words each (3 x 2 = 6 marks)	
	y = out or the breeze questions in ou be trouble each (o x = o marks)	
Q. 17	a) N b) D c) Upward R and circle S d) M e) Th	3
Q. 18	a) N b) D c) Upward R and circle S d) M	3

Q. 19	S. No.	Consonant	Represents	Example	3 (1+1+1)
	1	J	Journal	Monthly Journal	
	2	F	form	necessary form	
	3	m	morning	Monday morning	

Answer	any 3 out of the given 5 questions in 50–80 words each (4 x 3 = 12 marks)		
Q. 20	After 'ns' circle e.g.	4	1
	Experiencing J Enhancing		
	Bouncing Rinsing		
	 After K', 'G', 'NG', 'SH' hooked finally, upstrokes hooked finally, ST or STR Loops and Shun Hook e.g. 		
	Influencing Wishing Distinguishing		
	Relinquishingetc. should be written by using Consonant 'NG'.		
	'INGS' will be indicated by a final dash to be written perpendicular to the stroke e.g.		
	Meetings Stitchings		
	Etchings Plottings Windings Stroke 'NG' will always be used when coming medially e.g.		
	Admiringly 1 Sparingly Sparingly Sparingly		
	Preservingly Observingly -		
	Plastering 6. Clustering Boasting 5		
	Mastering Nesting Investing		
	Shining Waving Serving		
	But words like Testing Suggesting etc.		
	Should be written by using ST loop and consonant 'NG'		
	• After a half-length or double- length stroke when no angle is formed by the use of Stroke 'NG' e.g.		
	Motoring Meeting		
	Treating 7. Cheating Hoarding		

	0.11
Special Contractions are formed	as follows:
, , , ,	three strokes of the full outline e.g
Peculiarity Propos	rtionate
Perform Reput	olic
Probable Prelim	ninary
b) by omitting the medial stroke	e/strokes e.g.
Amalgamation	Inconsiderate
Landalassas 7	Investigation
Legislature	Investigation
Defective	
c) by employing logograms, ini	tially or finally e.g.
Something	Remarkable
Whatever	Whenever
d) by intersections	
Enlarge	Denominational 12
Notwithstanding	Nevertheless
Misfortune	Unprincipled

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Q. 22	Advanced Phrases are formed by using Halving Principle as given below – For the word "it' e.g,				4
	If it If it i	s not	- For the words	'would'& 'word' e.g.	
	- For the word 'to' eg		Thi	s would This word	
	Able to Able to n	nake <u>S</u>	- For 't' in the v	200	
	 For the word not e.g. 			· , , , •	
	You may not You	1 must not	At all times	For some time	
Q. 24	 a) The method of writing one stroke through another is called Intersection. b) When parallel strokes occur and it is not convenient to intersect one stroke with another, in such cases, the following stroke is written close to the first one. c) When the word to be indicated by intersecting stroke comes first, the stroke is struck or written first, but when the intersecting stroke comes after, it is struck or written afterwards. d) If the intersection is applied on the first consonant of the word, it is to be read first and if on the last, it is to be read at the end. 				
	Aspect	Diphthongs		Diphones	4
	Definition	Two vowel sounds pron	ounced	Two vowel sounds pronounced separately	
	Phonetic Representation	Expressed by three angular signs and a semi-circle		Expressed by only two angular signs	
	Number	Four in number		Two in number	
	Attachment and Abbreviation of Signs	Signs can be attached a with strokes	nd abbreviated	Signs cannot be attached and abbreviated	
	Placement on Consonant	Placed on first and third consonant	l vowel places of a	Placed on all three places of a consonant	